RETHINKING the PUBLIC HEALTH PARADIGM

THE INTERSECTION OF IMMIGRATION, RACE AND PUBLIC HEALTH

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PUBLIC HEALTH

A complex system of (occasionally) competing priorities

Traditional paradigm vs opportunities

- ► WORKFORCE and SYSTEMS
- SERVICE DELIVERY
- ► NARRATIVE

► The COVID-19 Response

A New Narrative



WORKFORCE and SYSTEMS

THE TRADITIONAL PARADIGM

- Traditional public health systems as the core of knowledge and service delivery / safety net
- Core public health systems (state or local) focus on disparity as a downstream issue
- Core public health does not reflect the diversity of communities it serves, particularly in leadership

THE OPPORTUNITY

- Expansion to inclusion of clinical, social services, grassroots, arts, humanities, media, academics, industry etc as part of a multi-sector whole health approach
- Core public health systems focus on disparity as a result of upstream issues
- Workforce actively diversified, including leadership positions and organization seeks to actively engage in learning about equity and building equitable organizations

SERVICE DELIVERY

THE TRADITIONAL PARADIGM

- service informed by funding, traditional data collected and national need
- Systems create programming and implement without community voice present
- Information and messaging is available in dominant language and in traditional mediums
- Information about how to serve communities in need produced within traditional public health or academic institutions without community participation or voice

THE OPPORTUNITY

- Communication access becomes the norm well trained interpreters and well conducted translation is common place, available and accessible
- Bicultural/Bilingual staff drawn from the community and provide direct service (HW/CHR model)
- Historical and cultural mores about health and wellness are understood, respected and appreciated
- Public Health activities such as evaluation and resources allocation assure systems are working for all not just some
- Immigrant and other communities knowledge of the impact of strong social support systems and significant understanding of social determinants leveraged to increase public health knowledge
 - Special attention to citing, crediting and compensating immigrant communities that lend their knowledge and authentic voice

THE NARRATIVE

THE TRADITIONAL PARADIGM

- Data tells the tale in Public Health
 - Often Deficit based narrative
- Stories are often told "of" and "for" immigrant communities
- Focus on "success" in form of outputs, outcomes and measurable datasets
- Focus on Downstream

THE OPPORTUNITY

- Inclusion of strengths-based narrative
 - Where are community assets / What is the body of knowledge that immigrant and other communities hold
- First-person narrative immigrants own their own stories
- Add focus on establishing and maintaining authentic relationships between persons, and between systems
- Examination of complexities of immigrant and other communities
- ► Focus on Upstream –which requires-
 - Active and open discussion of systemic and institutional racism, historical oppression and its impact on communities of concern including immigrant communities

And then, COVID-19

- What happens in a Public Health crisis?
 - Marginalization and widening gap of existing disparities
 - Crisis and response can lead to emerging disparities
 - Immediate relief and response may focus downstream on critical need
- Impact on Immigrant communities Collaborative, community led response required
 - Disparities in infection, hospitalization and mortality rates are present
 - Disproportionate impact on front-line workers with significant immigrant and communities of color representation
- Community call for action in NH and across other states:
 - Immediate increase in worker protection for front-line essential workers; Expansion of testing access for immigrant communities; Access to hazard pay and extended unemployment benefits; Access to clear and culturally appropriate messaging and education materials in multiple languages/ mediums
 - OTHER specific community-led work being done to address food insecurity, justice-involved and incarceration, elder adults and persons with disabilities, the digital divide and education, persons experiencing substance use and/or mental health issues and housing insecurity.

What if we rewrite the narrative?

- Open opportunities to hear and listen to our stories Inclusive, authentic voice
- Expansion of collection of quality REaL and SOGI data to include first person narrative, art, music, literature
- Diversity public health workforce across all sectors and levels and require public health systems to operationalize their values of equity
- Increased understanding and appreciation of the intersectionality of immigrant communities with other historically marginalized communities
- Appreciation and celebration of assets of immigrant and other communities deeply rooted historical knowledge
- Address and hold accountable for change those systems that perpetuate oppression, racism, violence
- Build true community response that is co-created, co-led and co-credited across communities of concern and traditional public health systems