

Latest Immigration Data

and Impact

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2019 Immigrant Student Success

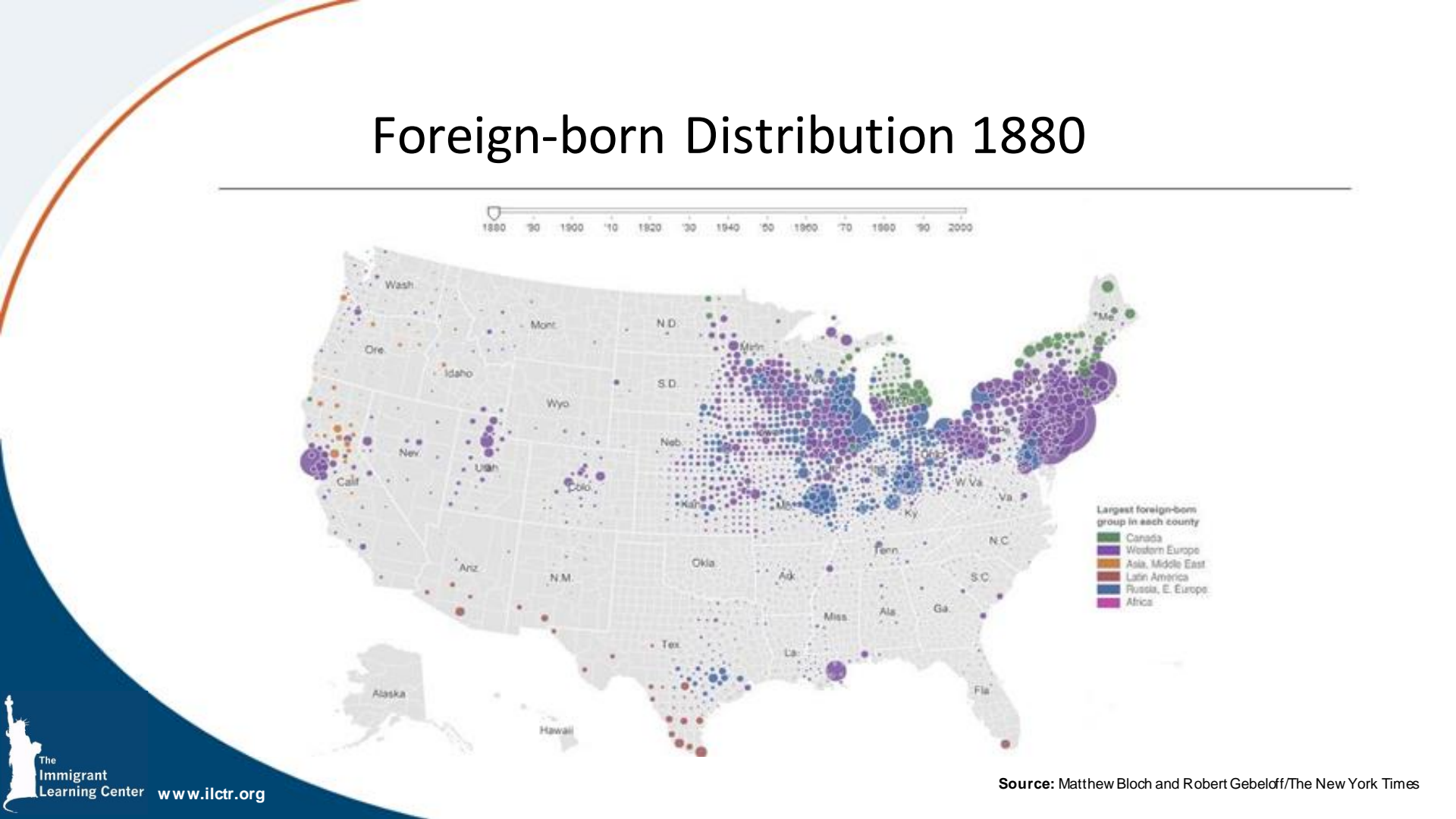
Foreign-born Distribution 1880

1880 '90 1900 '10 1920 '30 1940 '50 1960 '70 1980 '90 2000

Largest foreign-born group in each county

- Canada
- Western Europe
- Asia, Middle East
- Latin America
- Russia, E. Europe
- Africa

Source: Matthew Bloch and Robert Gebeloff/The New York Times



Foreign-born Distribution 1880

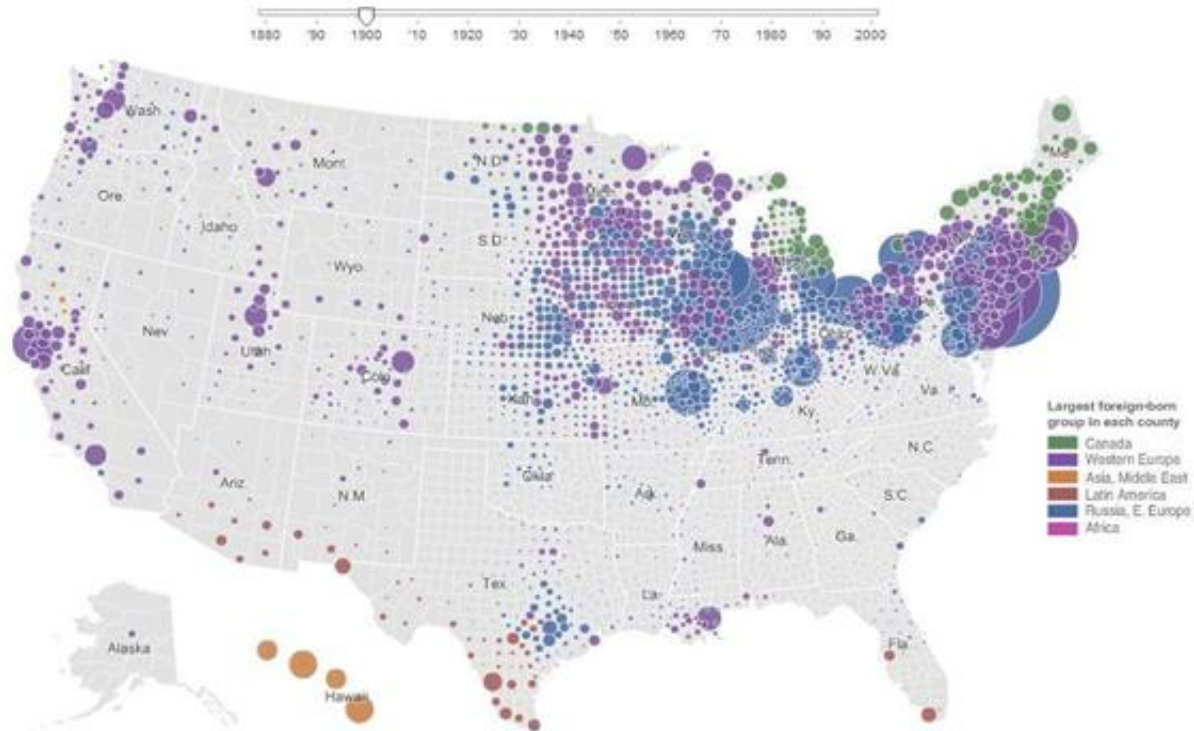
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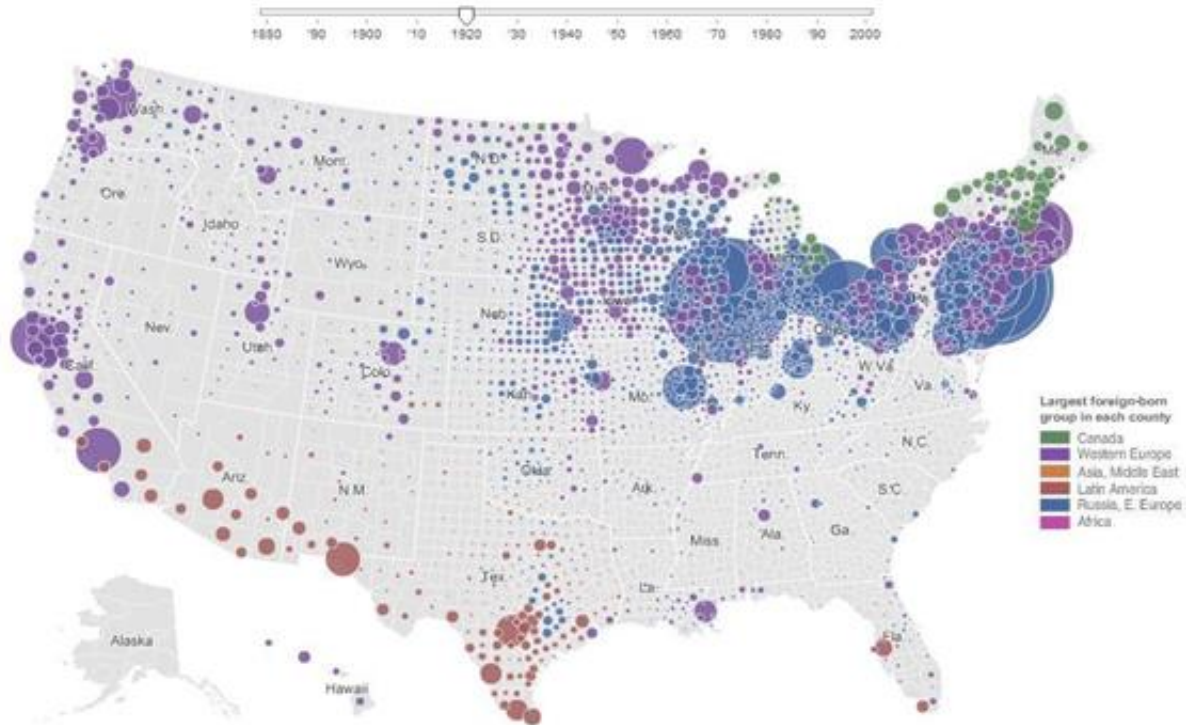
Source: Matthew Bloch and Robert Gebeloff/The New York Times

Foreign-born Distribution 1900



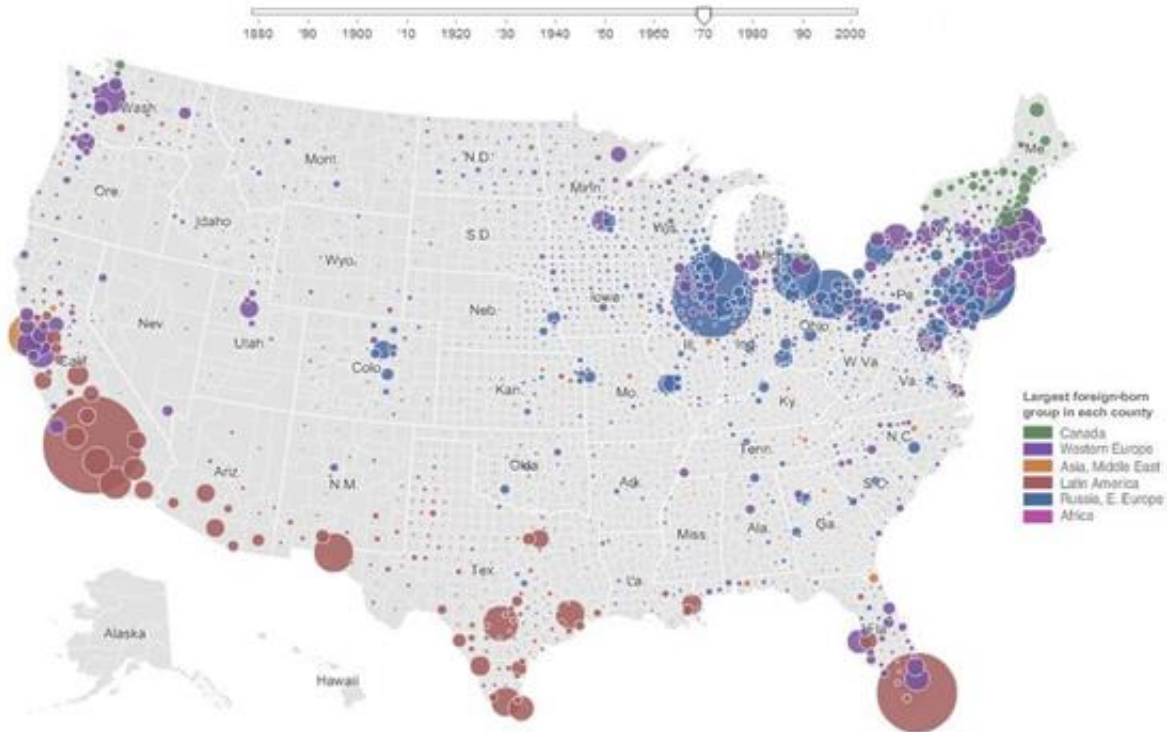
Source: Matthew Bloch and Robert Gebeloff/The New York Times

Foreign-born Distribution 1920



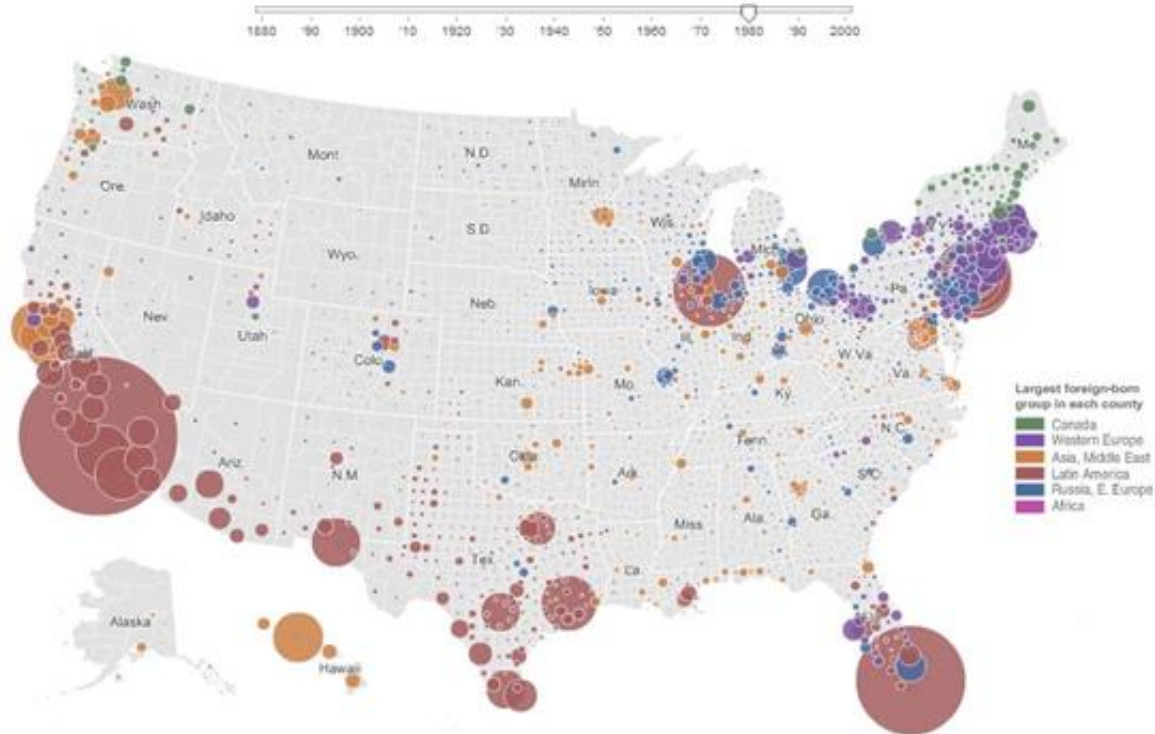
Source: Matthew Bloch and Robert Gebeloff/The New York Times

Foreign-born Distribution 1970



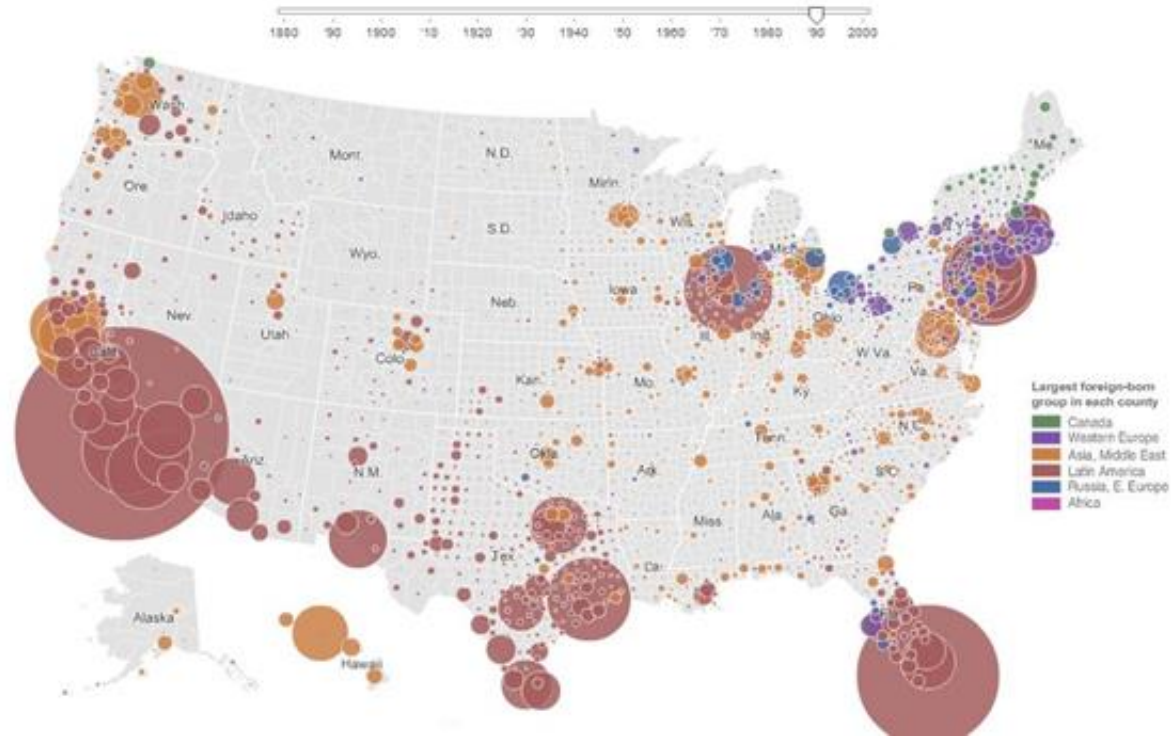
Source: Matthew Bloch and Robert Gebeloff/The New York Times

Foreign-born Distribution 1980

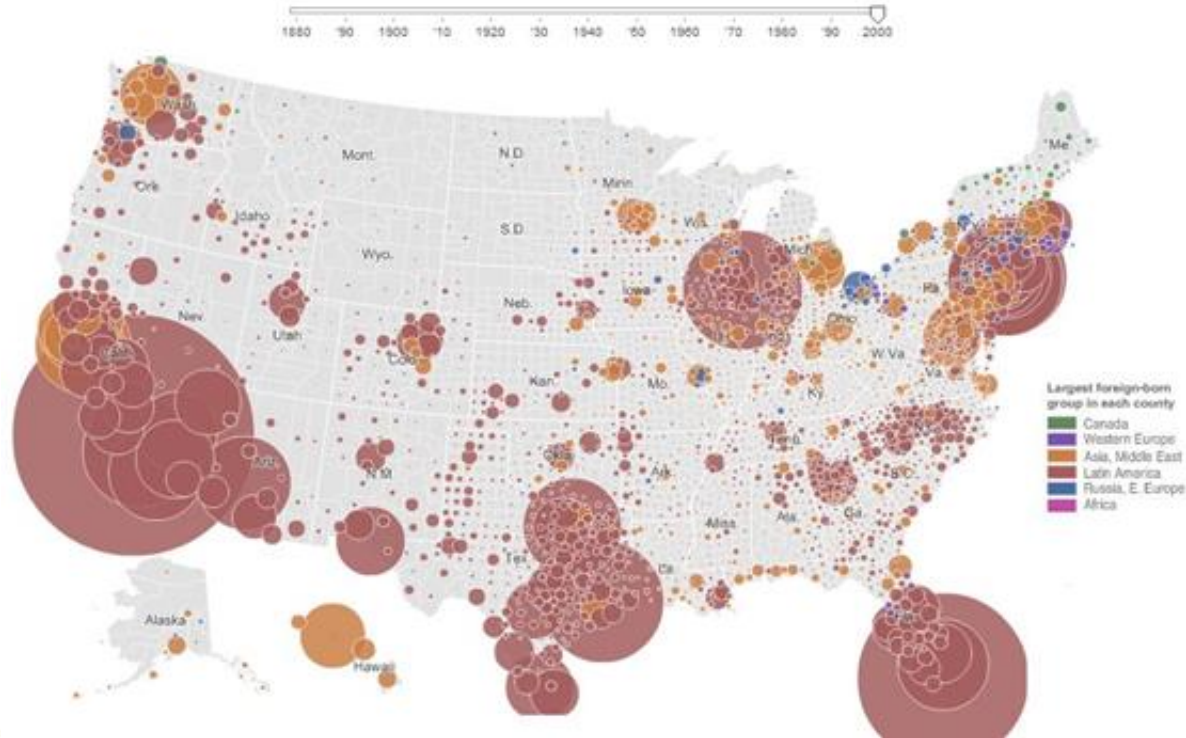


Source: Matthew Bloch and Robert Gebeloff/The New York Times

Foreign-born Distribution 1990

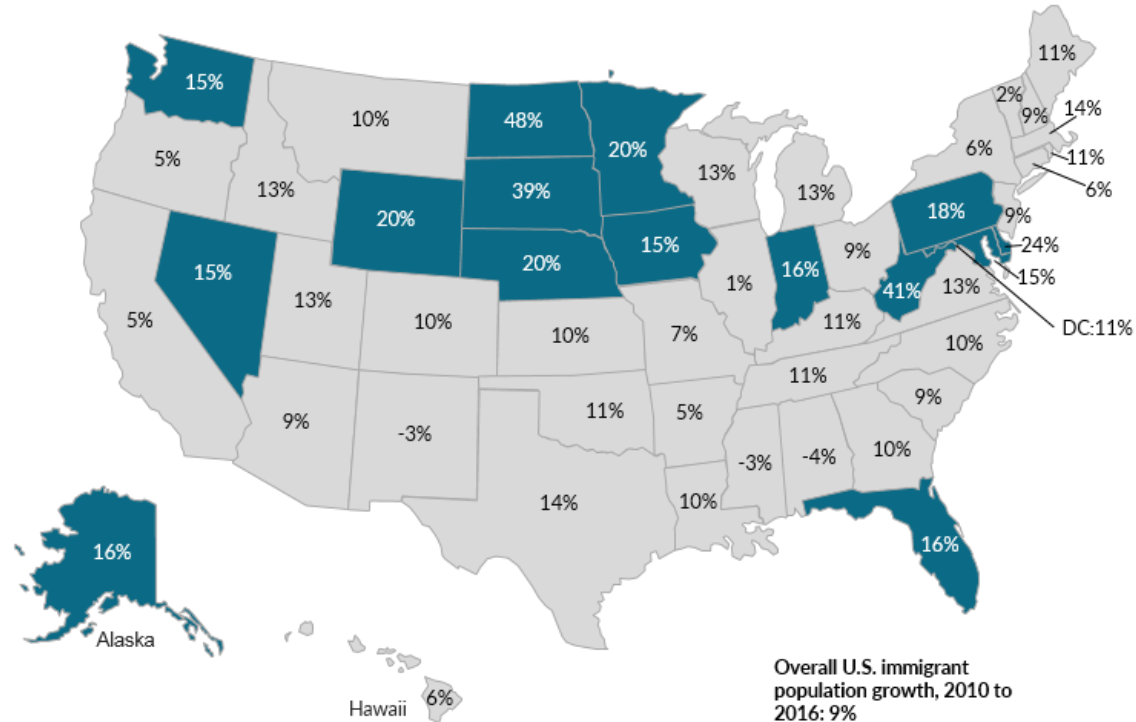


Foreign-born Distribution 2000



Source: Matthew Bloch and Robert Gebeloff/The New York Times

Fastest-growing States

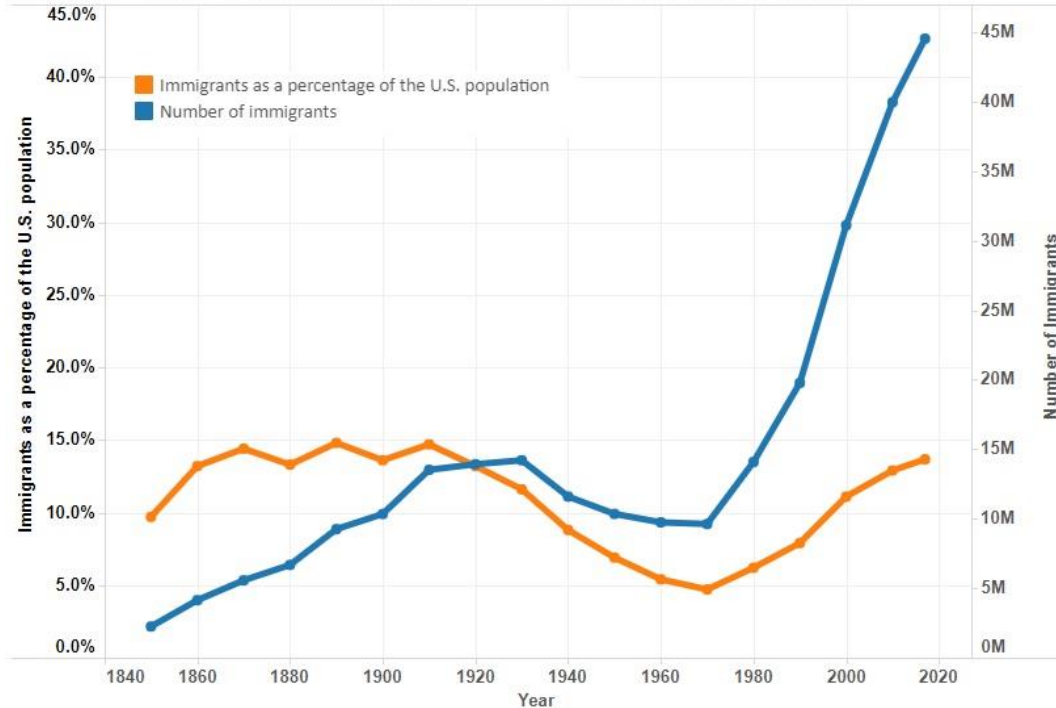


Overall U.S. immigrant
population growth, 2010 to
2016: 9%

Source: Migration Policy Institute, "Immigrants in the U.S. States with the Fastest-Growing Foreign-Born Populations," 2018

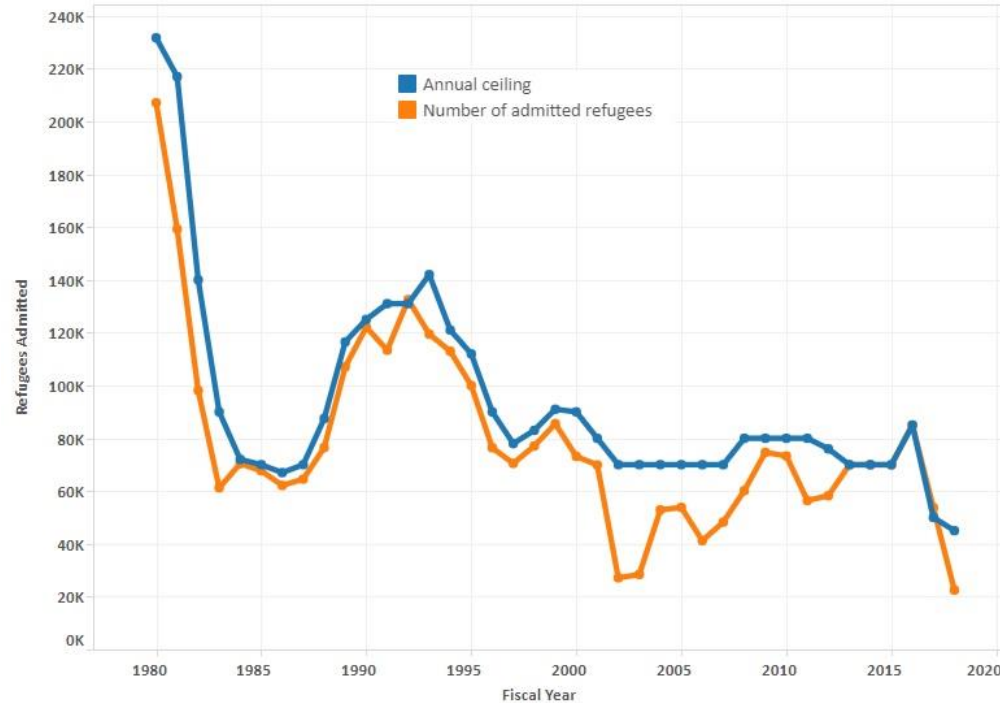
Foreign-born Population

Number of Immigrants and Their Share of the Total U.S. Population, 1850-2017



Refugee Admissions

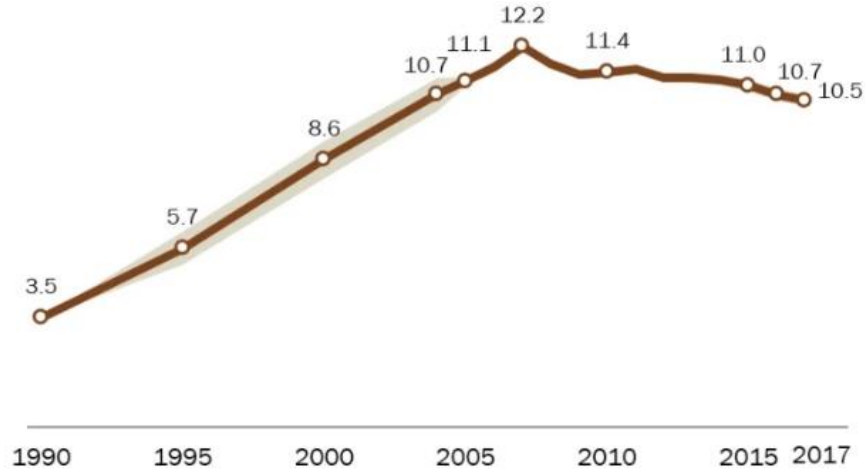
U.S. Refugee Admissions and Refugee Resettlement Ceilings, Fiscal Years 1980-2018



Undocumented Immigrant Population

U.S. unauthorized immigrant total rises, then falls

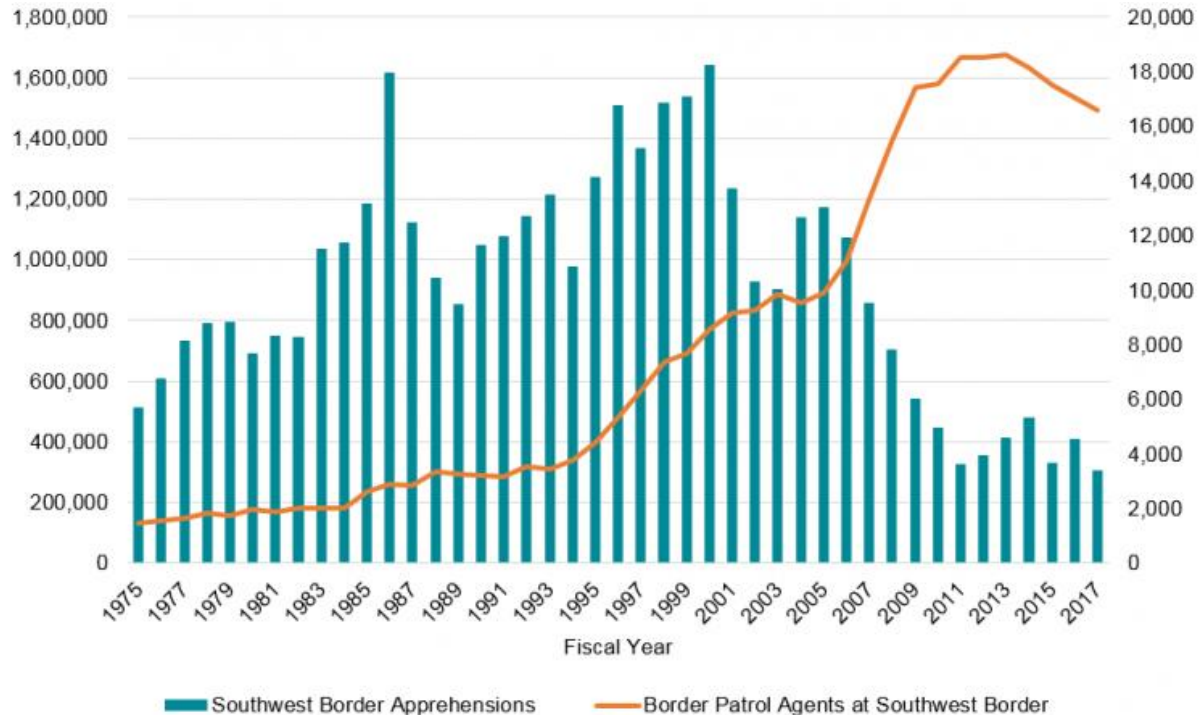
In millions



Note: Shading shows range of estimated 90% confidence interval.

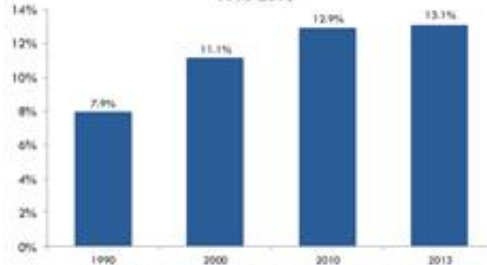
Source: Pew Research Center estimates based on augmented U.S. Census Bureau data.

Undocumented Immigrant Population



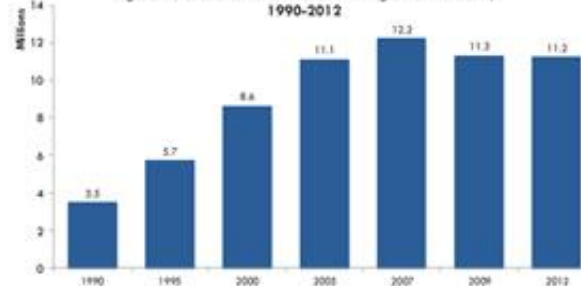
Immigrants and Crime

Figure 1: Foreign-Born Share of the U.S. Population, 1990-2013



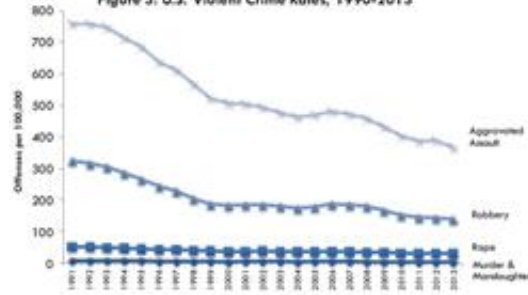
Source: Elizabeth M. Grieco, et al., *The Size, Place of Birth, and Geographic Distribution of the Foreign-Born Population in the United States: 1990 to 2010* (Washington, DC: U.S. Census Bureau, October 2012), p. 19; 2013 ACS 1-Year Estimates.

Figure 2: Number of Unauthorized Immigrants in the U.S., 1990-2012



Source: Jeffrey S. Passol and D'Yara Gabe, *Unauthorized Immigrant Totals Rise in 7 States, Fall in 14* (Washington, DC: Pew Hispanic Center, November 16, 2014), Table A1.

Figure 3: U.S. Violent Crime Rates, 1990-2013



Source: FBI, Uniform Crime Reports.

Figure 4: U.S. Property Crime Rates, 1990-2013

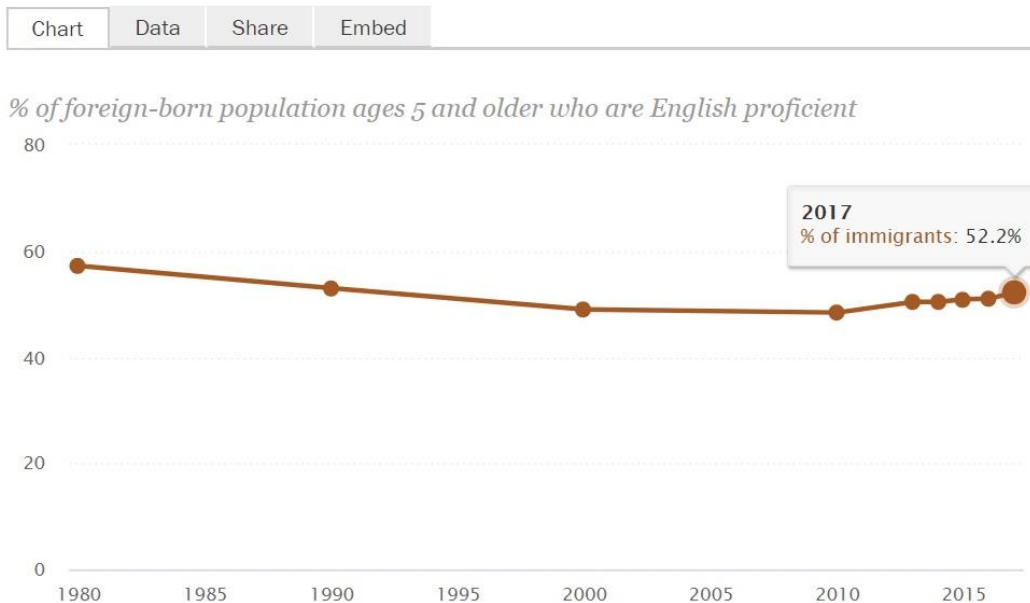


Source: FBI, Uniform Crime Reports.

Source: American Immigration Council, *The Criminalization of Immigration in the United States*, 2015

Immigrants and English Proficiency

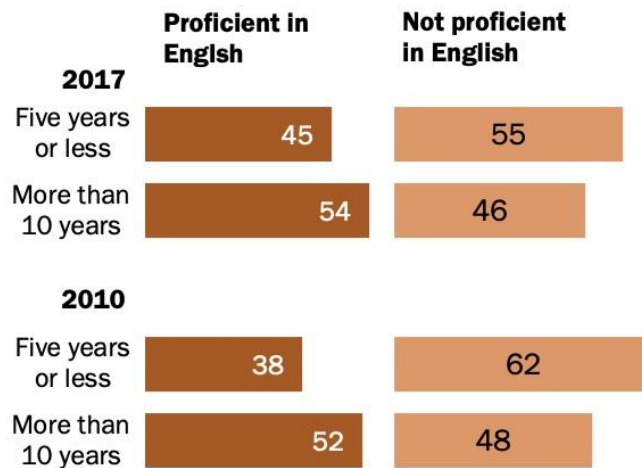
English proficiency among U.S. immigrants, 1980-2017



Immigrants and English Proficiency

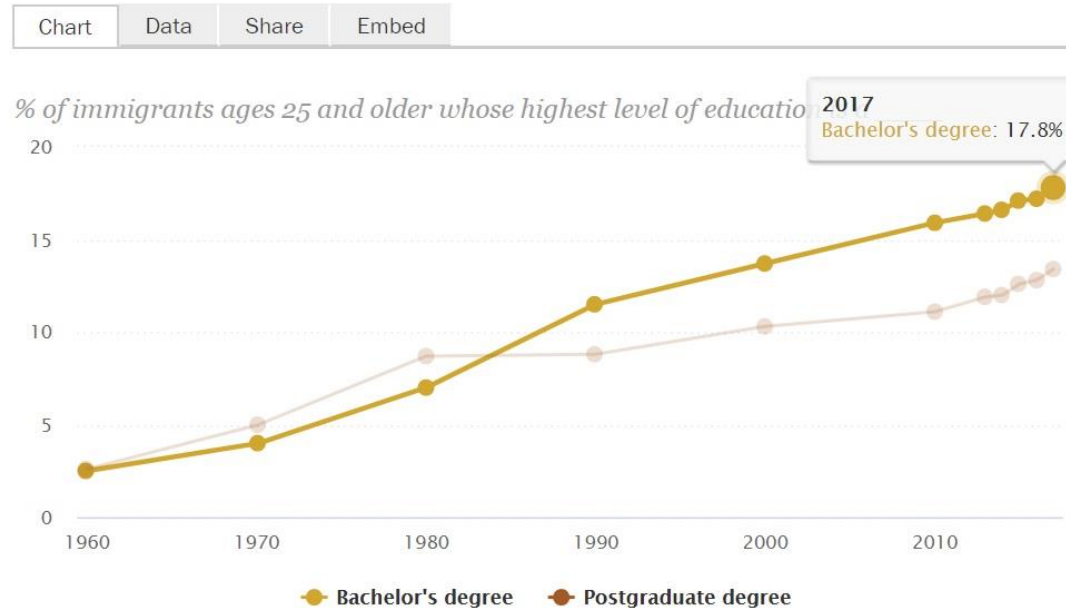
English proficiency among recently arrived immigrants is up since 2010

% of U.S. foreign-born population ages 5 and older, by duration of residence



Immigrants and Education

Educational attainment among U.S. immigrants, 1960-2017



Immigrants and Education

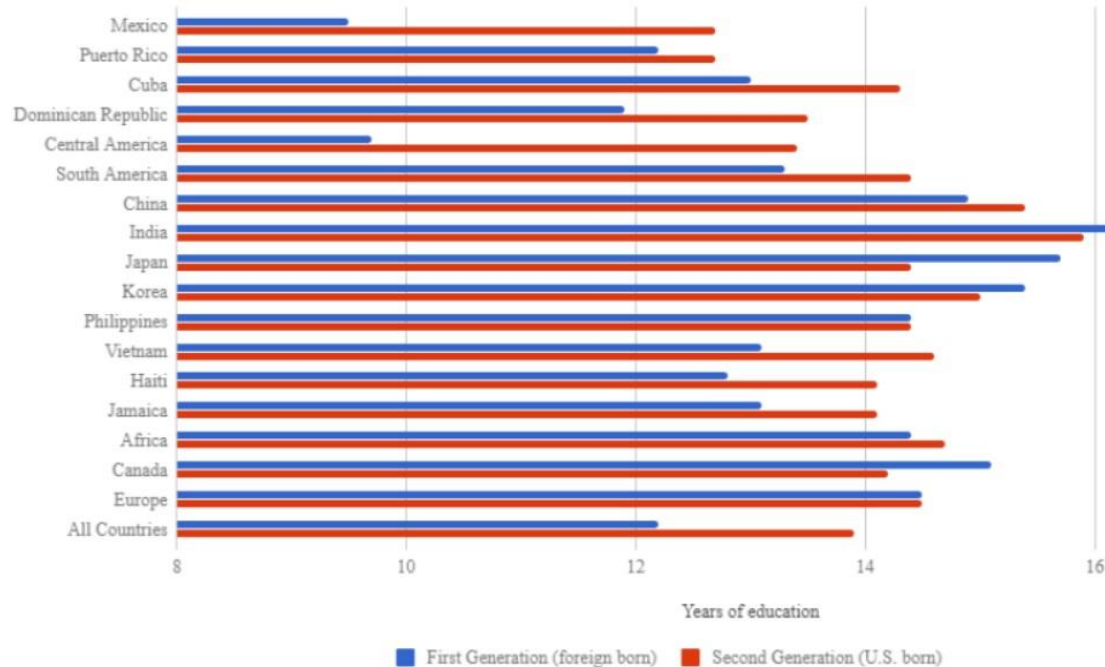
	1960	2015
Less than HS	75%	29%
HS graduate	13.5%	22.4%
2-year degree	6%	19%
Bachelor's degree	2.5%	17%
Advanced degree	2.6%	12.6%

Source: Pew Research Center. "Facts on U.S. Immigrants, 2015," ((2017)

Immigrants and Education

Average education of first- and second-generation adult males, ages 25-59, by place of origin

Most surpass 13.8 years of average non-Hispanic U.S. white male

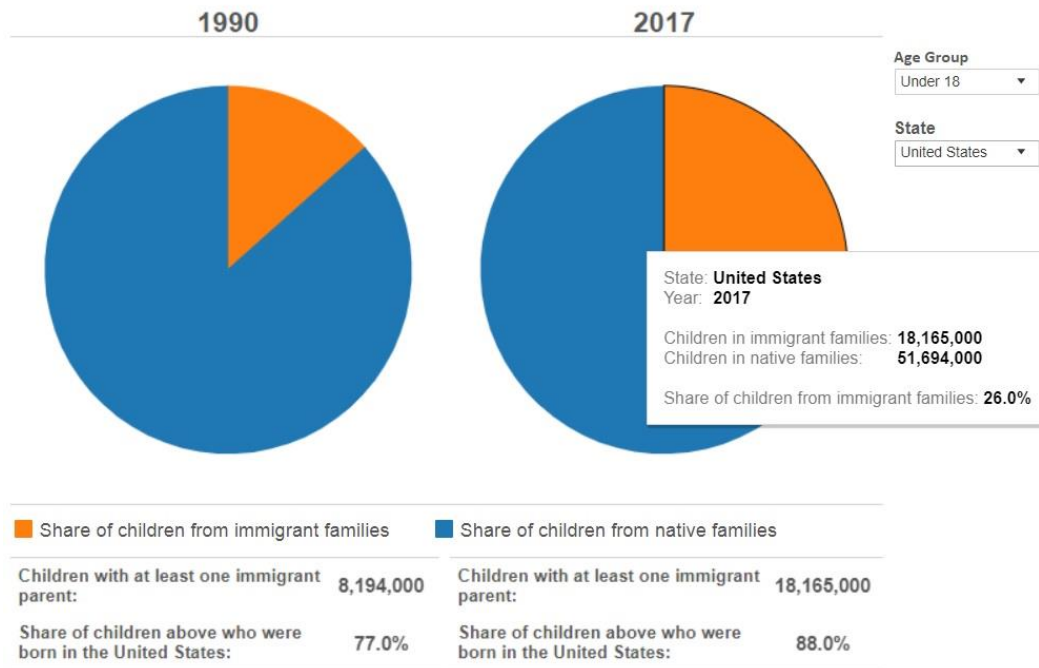


Source: Brian Duncan and Stephen J. Trejo, "Socioeconomic Integration of U.S. Immigrant Groups Over the Long Term" (working paper), 2018

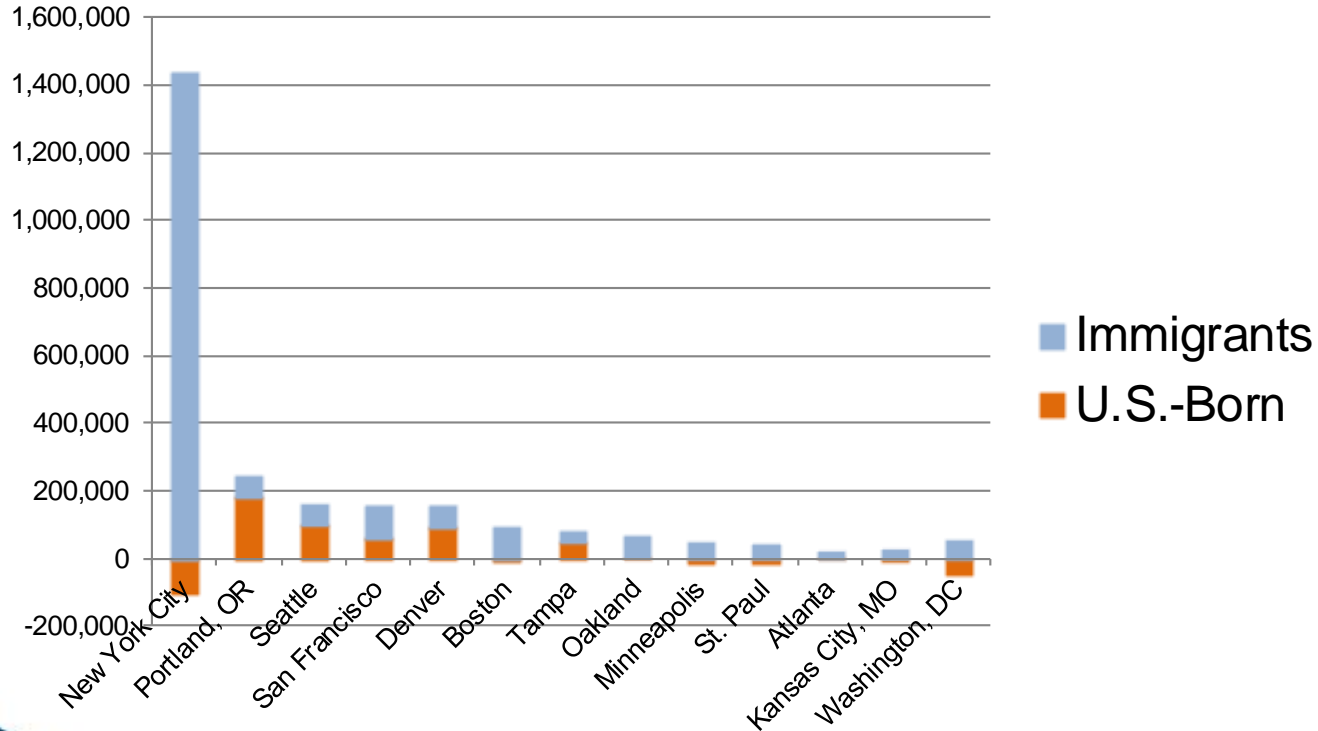
Children in Immigrant Families

Children in U.S. Immigrant Families:

Number and Share of the Total U.S. Child Population, by Age Group and State

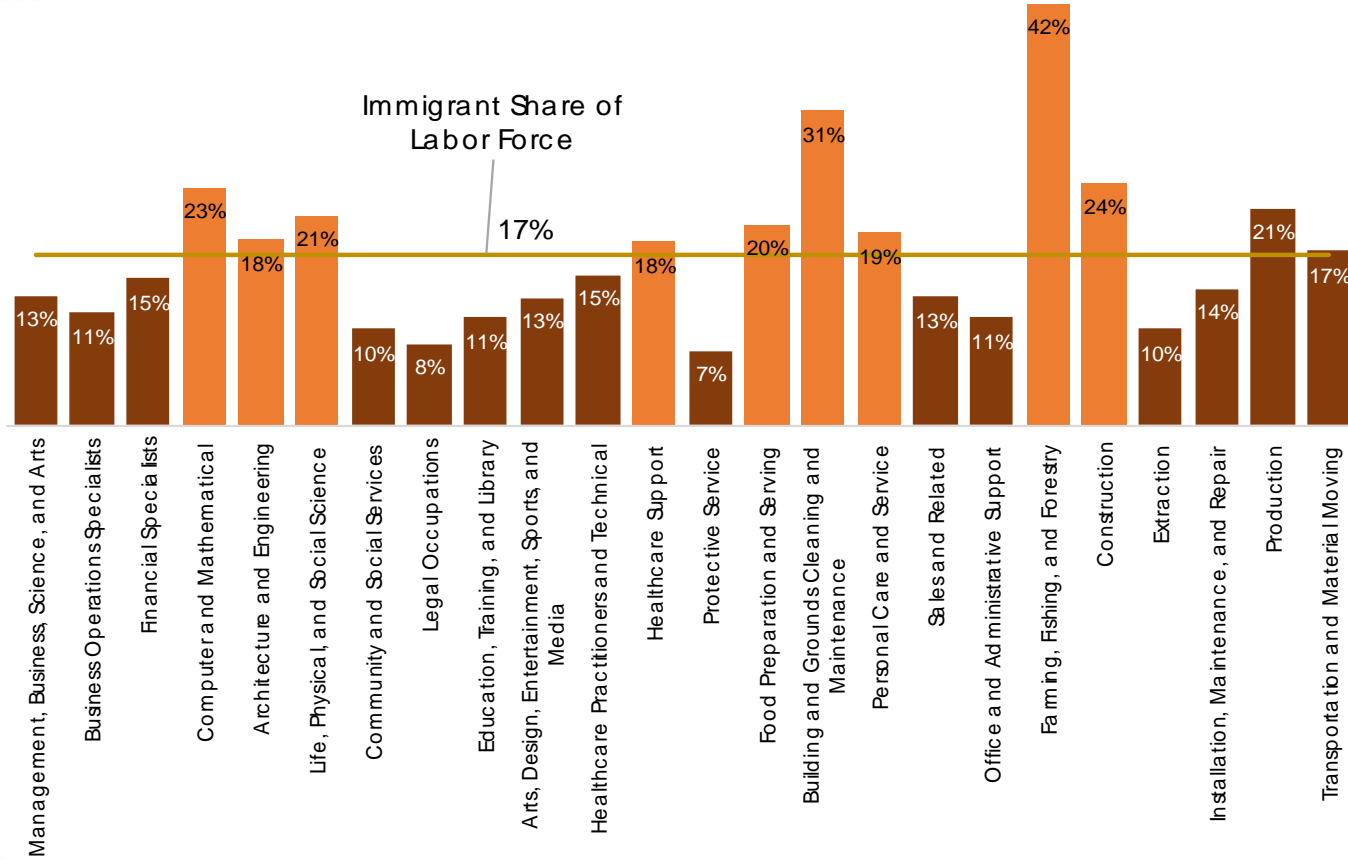


Immigrants and Population Growth



Source: Fiscal Policy Institute analysis of Census and ACS data. See also *Bringing Vitality to Main Street: How Immigrant Small Businesses Help Local Economies Grow*, Fiscal Policy Institute and Americas Society/Council of the Americas, 2015.

Immigrant Share of Labor Force



Immigrants are **13.7%** of the U.S. population but:

28%

physicians/surgeons

22%

nursing, psychiatric
and home health aides

15%

nurses

40%

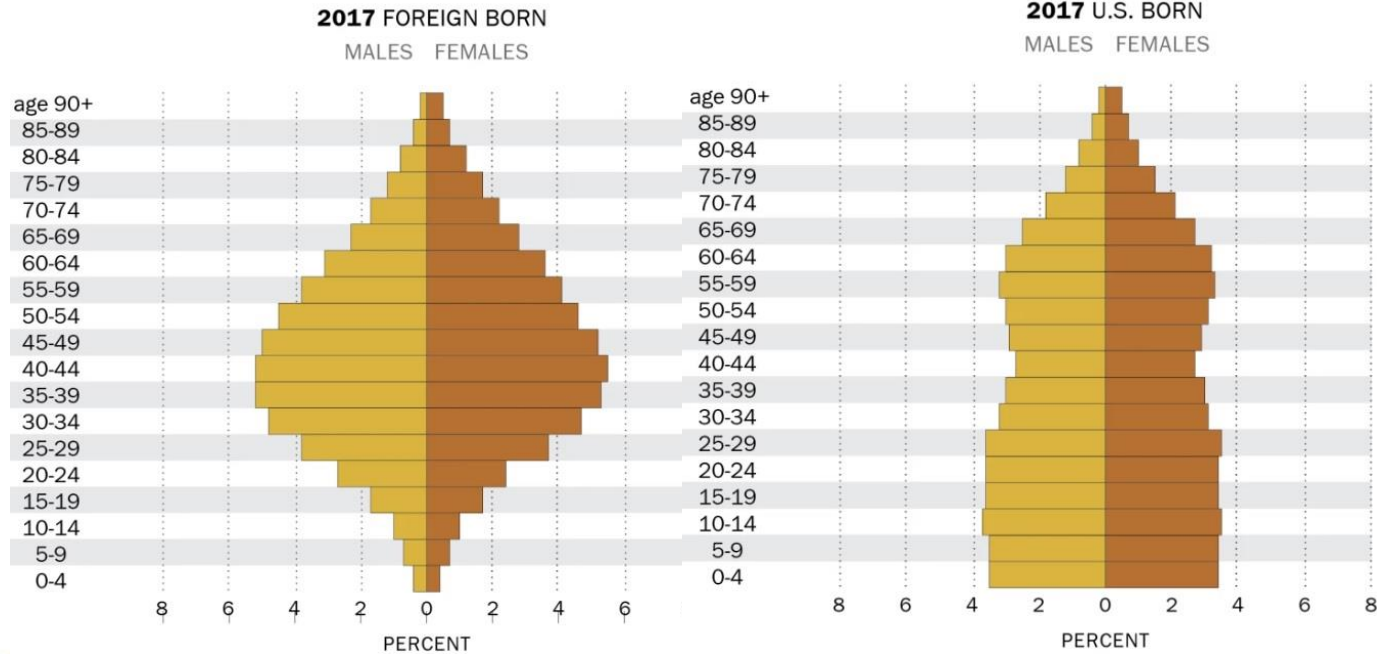
medical scientists in
manufacturing R&D

50+%

biotechnology
workers



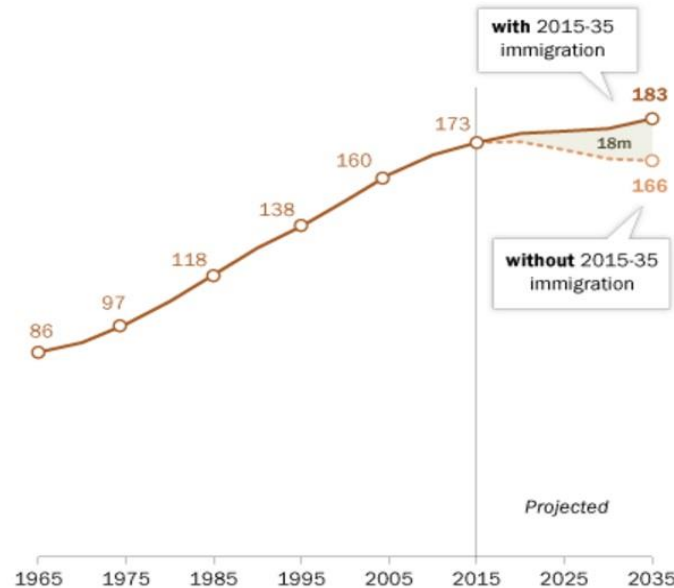
Immigrants and the Labor Force



Immigrants and the Labor Force

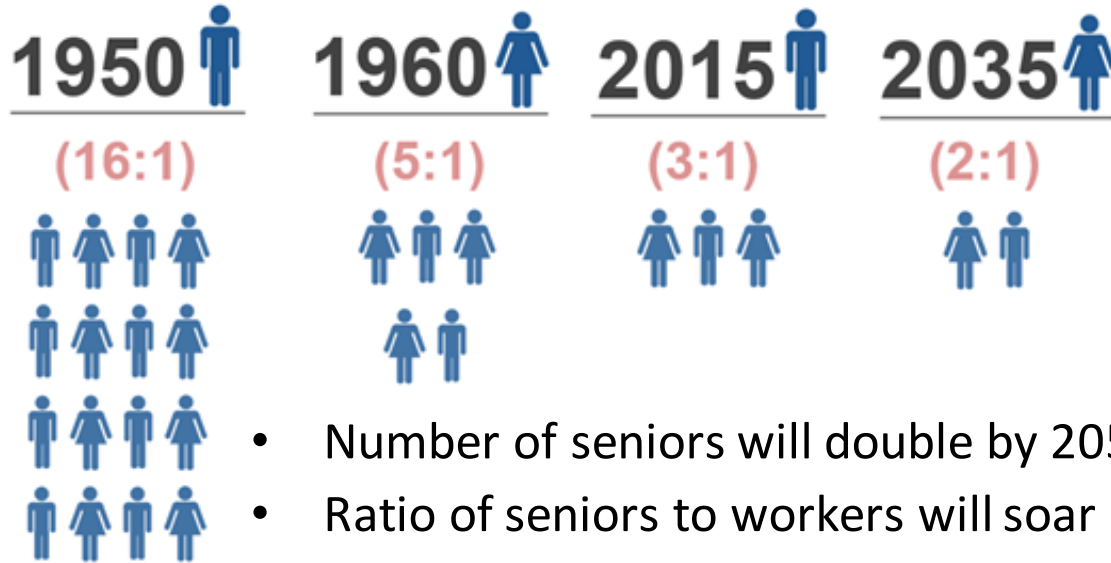
Without future immigrants, working-age population in U.S. would decrease by 2035

Working-age population (25-64), in millions



Sources: Migration Policy Institute, Age-Sex Pyramids of U.S. Immigrant and Native-Born Populations, 1970-Present, 2015; *America's Advantage: A Handbook on Immigration and Economic Growth*, 2015; Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Labor Force Characteristics of Foreign-born Workers Summary," 2016.

Immigrants and Social Safety Systems



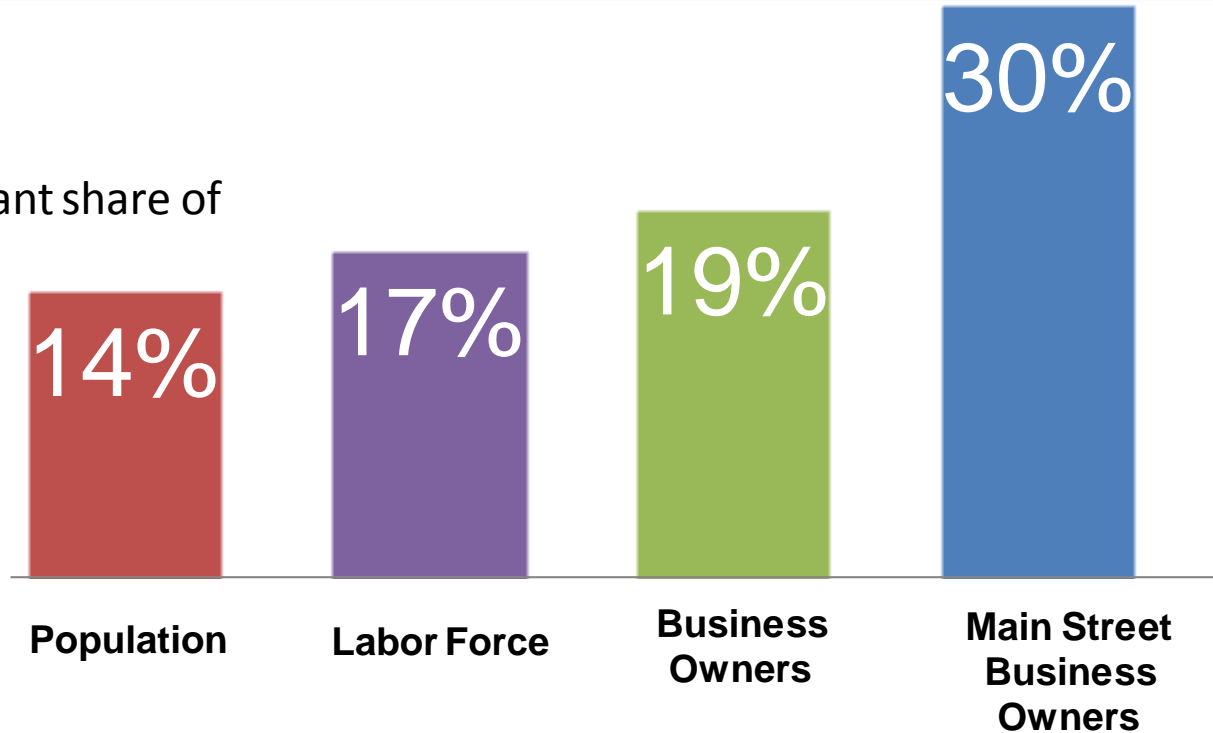
- Number of seniors will double by 2050
- Ratio of seniors to workers will soar by <70% by 2040
- Immigrants are subsidizing Medicare's core trust fund
- More workers needed, especially in healthcare

Immigrants and Taxes

- Immigrants pay up to \$140 billion annually in federal, state, local taxes
- Undocumented immigrants use ITINs to pay an estimated \$11.6 billion per year (2015)
- Effective rate of 8%, more than other taxed groups
- **In Florida \$23.4b:** Amount paid in taxes
 - \$2.5b to Medicare
 - \$9.5b to Social Security

Immigrants and Entrepreneurship

Immigrant share of



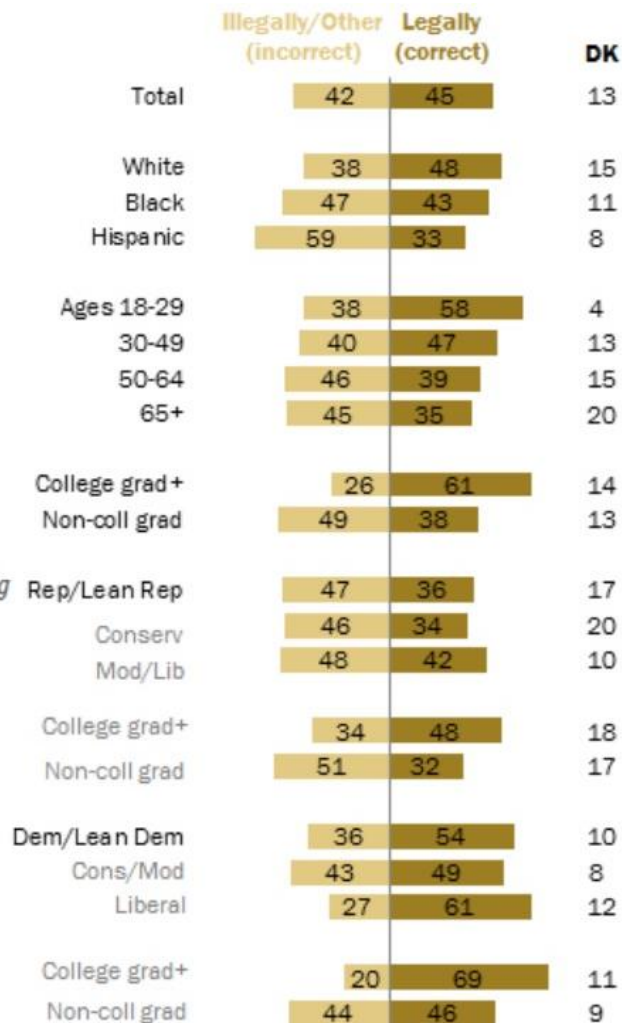


Immigrants and Job Creation/Innovation



Fewer than half know that most immigrants in the U.S. are here legally

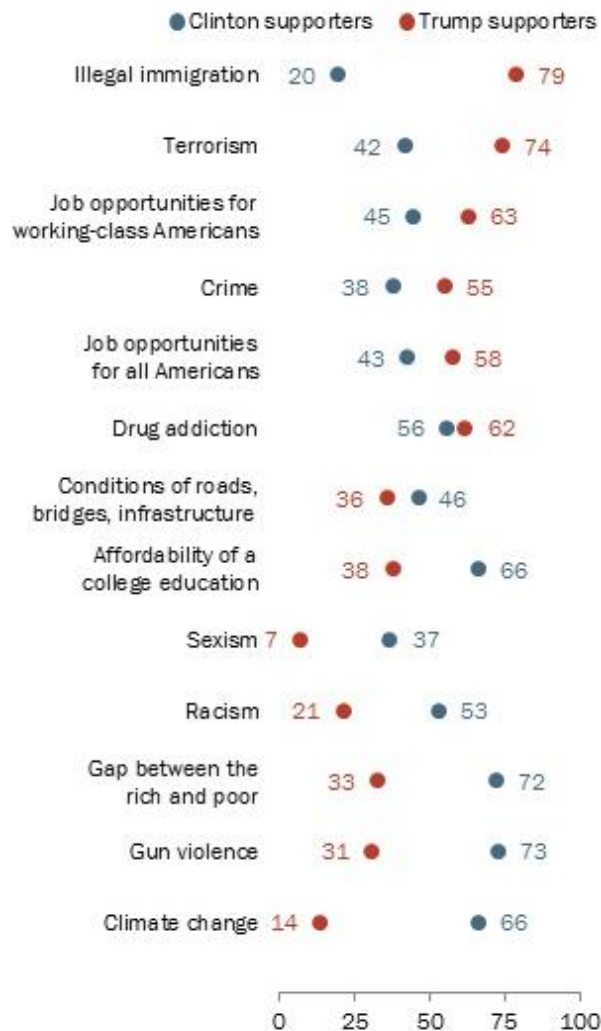
% who think most of the immigrants who are now living in the U.S. are here ...



Source: Pew Research Center, "Shifting Public Views on Legal Immigration Into the U.S.," 2018

Clinton, Trump voters sharply diverged on seriousness of an array of problems

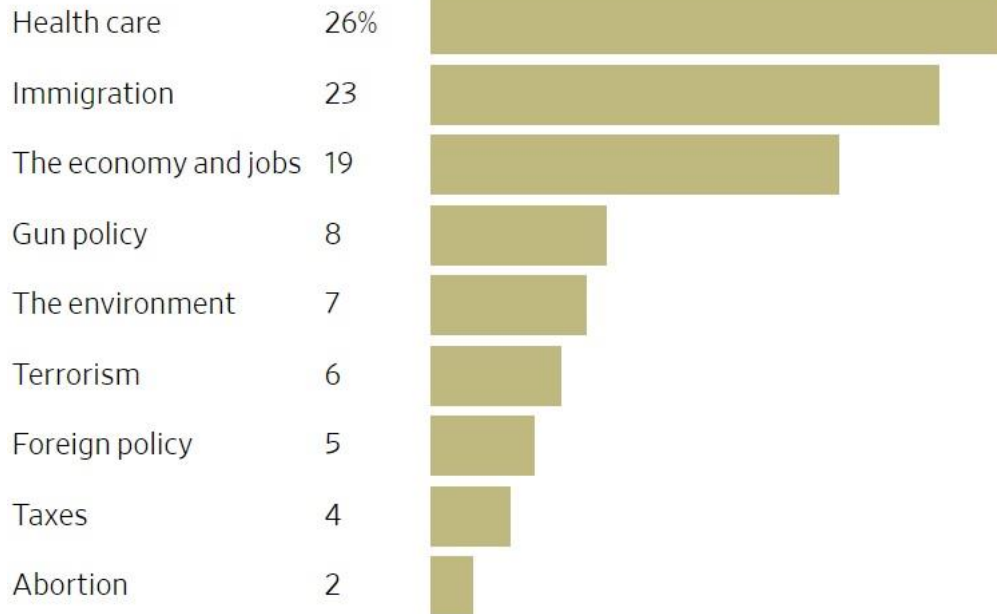
% of voters who said each is a 'very big problem' in the country today ...



Source: Pew Research Center, "A Divided and Pessimistic Electorate," 2016

Views on Immigration

Most Important Issue



Source: The Wall Street Journal, "How We Voted in the 2018 Midterms," 2018

Views on Immigration

Immigration policy - immigrants living in the U.S. illegally

	SHARE	VOTED DEMOCRAT	VOTED REPUBLICAN	VOTED OTHER
Offered a chance to apply for legal status	69%	66%	32%	3%
Deported to the country they came from	30	19	79	3

Views of immigrants in the U.S.

	SHARE	VOTED DEMOCRAT	VOTED REPUBLICAN	VOTED OTHER
Do more to help the country	59%	72%	26%	3%
Do more to hurt the country	39	20	77	3

U.S.-Mexico border wall

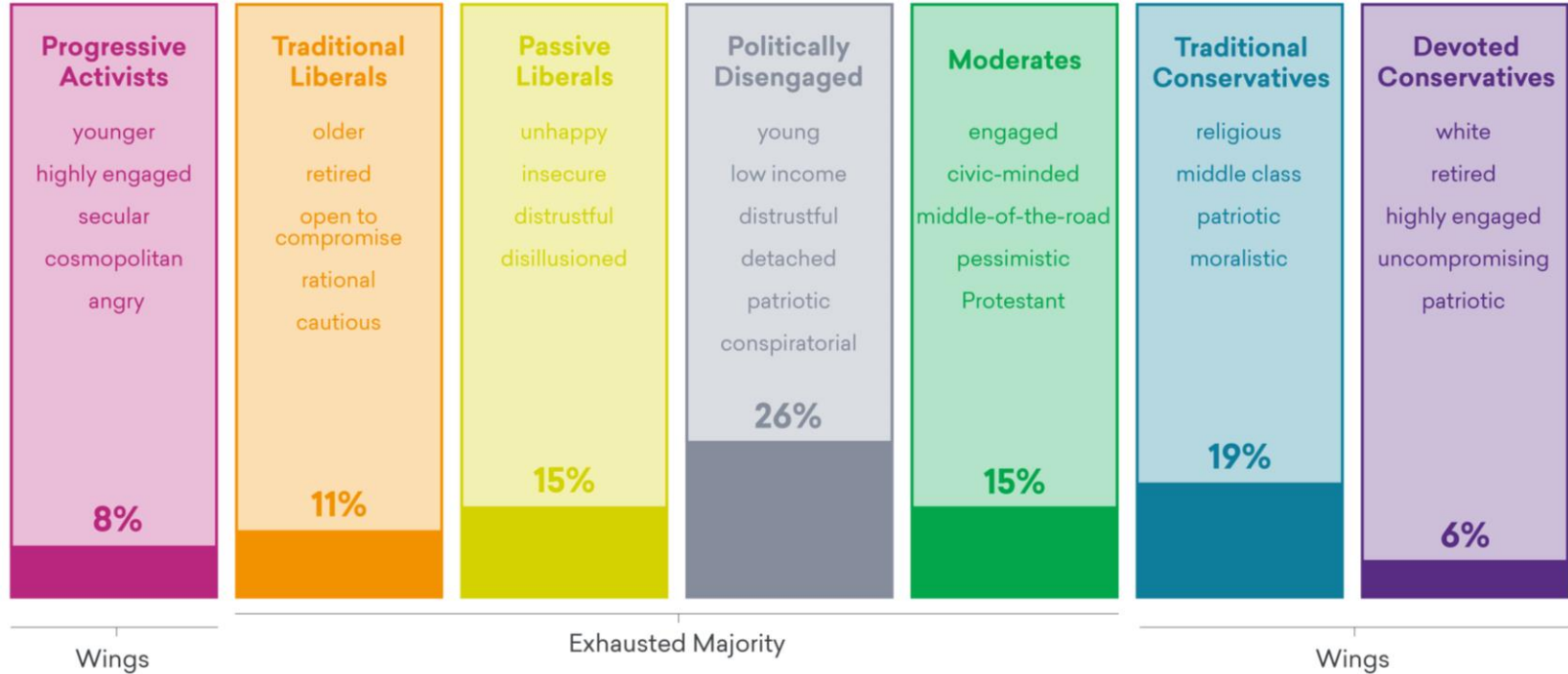
	SHARE	VOTED DEMOCRAT	VOTED REPUBLICAN	VOTED OTHER
Strongly favor	31%	9%	90%	2%
Somewhat favor	17	25	71	4
Somewhat oppose	13	64	32	4
Strongly oppose	39	90	7	3

Source: The Wall Street Journal, "How We Voted in the 2018 Midterms," 2018

The Hidden Tribes of America

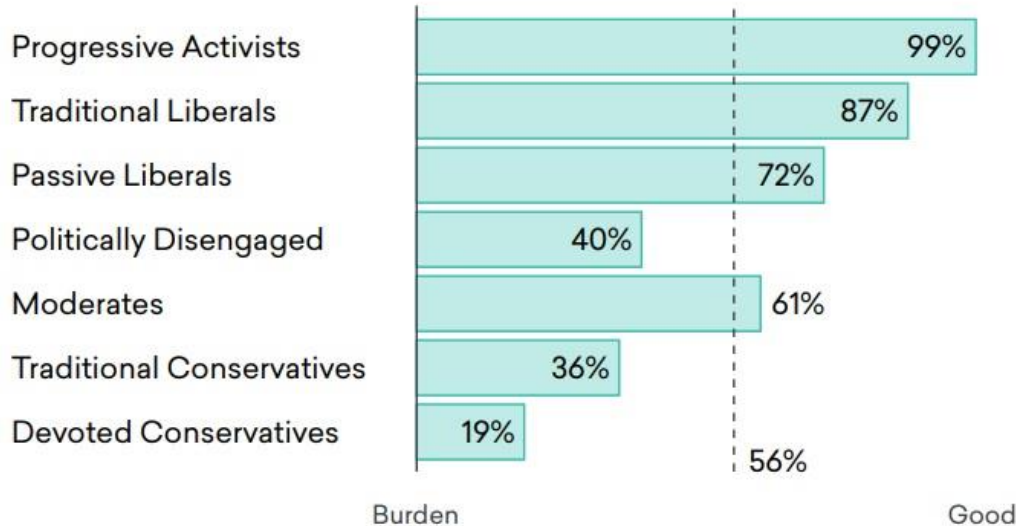
Hidden
Tribes

More in
Common



Immigration: Good or Bad?

Tribes differ in their views on the overall impact of immigration for the country

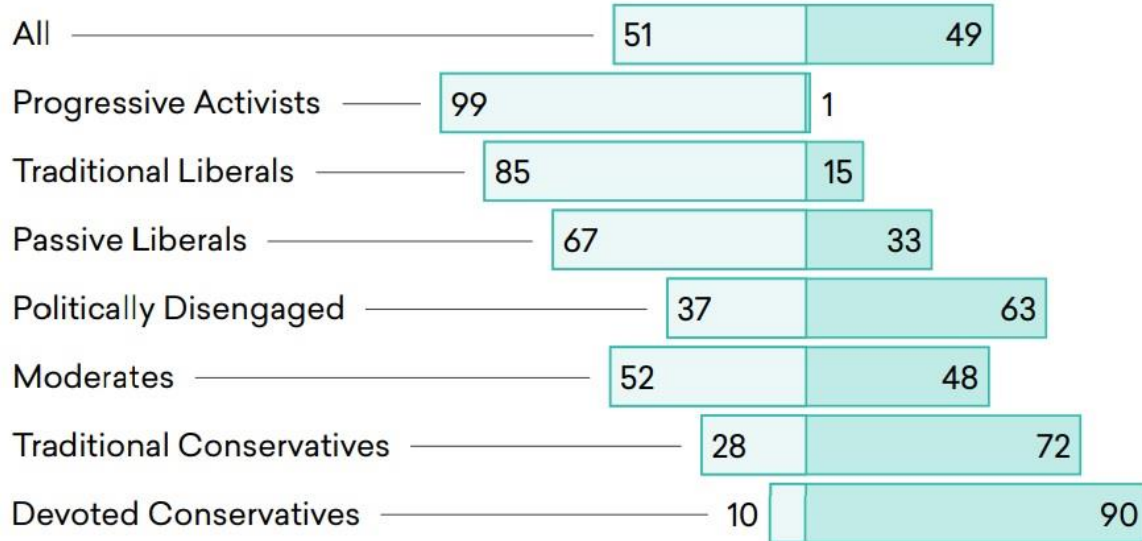


Immigration impact

Immigration is good for America, helping sectors of our economy to be more successful and competitive

Immigration nowadays is bad for America, costing the welfare system and using resources that could be spent on Americans

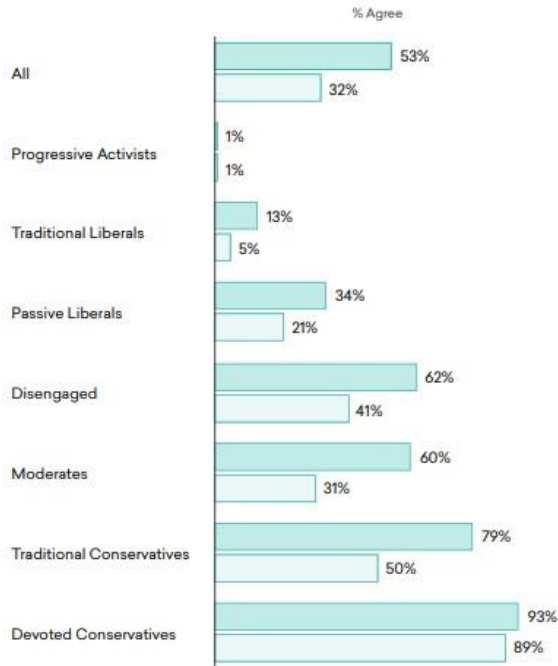
← % Agree →



Protection of Rights

Perceived prioritization of immigrants
by tribe and gender

White Americans
Asian, Black, Hispanic Americans



Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? These days the rights of immigrants are more protected than the rights of American citizens.

Source: More in Common (2018)

Bridging Divides in the Immigration Debate

- Anti-immigrant sentiment in the U.S. is more passionate than pro-immigrant sentiment
 - Of the Americans who consider immigration the most important voting issue, far more oppose immigration than support it.

Bridging Divides in the Immigration Debate

- The “Wings” are increasing in size, the “middle” is fast decreasing.
- The politically disengaged tend to veer right
- Both race *and* economics are driving Americans farther right

Bridging Divides in the Immigration Debate

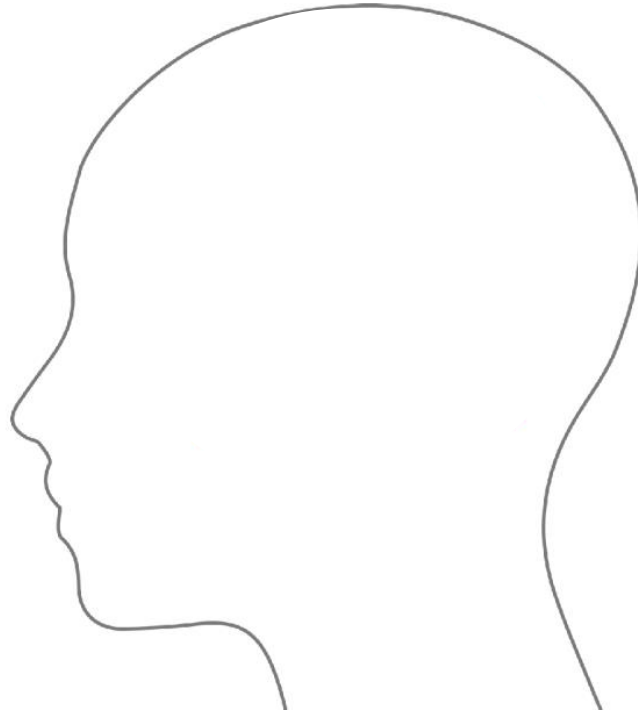
- For change to take place, we need to connect with working class Americans
- Find ways to build broad, local support bases
- Go back to the basics, and connect with values, issues and humanity

Bridging Divides

in the Immigration Debate

Formula

Public Mind





"Them"

- Law Breakers
- Illegal Mexican/Highly-Skilled Asian
- Takers
- Immigration Nostalgia
- Security and Control

Fatalism

- Immigration Surge
- Money Talks
- Politics as Usual
- System Too Big and Screwed Up

Zero Sum

- Job Competition
- Drain on the System

Punitive

- Secure the Border
- Set an Example–Rational Actor

What's in the Swamp of...

Immigration

Black Box

"Us"

- Humanist–People are People
- Nation of Immigrants
- Celebrate Diversity

Pragmatism

- Economic Fit
- Make it Work

5² 8¹
7 3



Numerical Data

Charts, Graphs, Tables,
More Data

More Evidence

Epiphany

Strategies to Reach Beyond Your Base

- Act fast
- Act now
- Act for the long haul

- Deep canvassing
- Get diverse allies
- Strength in numbers and perspectives/origins

Elements of a Successful Narrative

Narrative
(what is the issue about)



Shared Values
(why the issue matters)

Explanation
(how this issue works)

Solutions
(what to do and why)



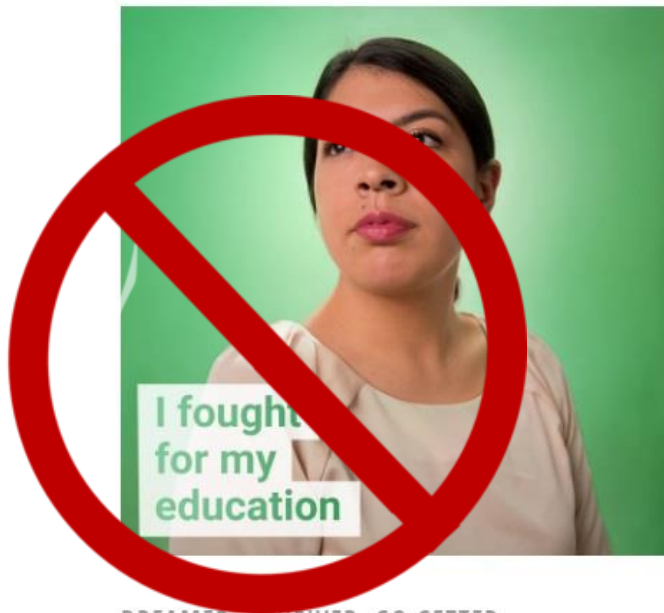
Understanding, Efficacy, Support

Framing the Immigration Debate

- Shared values
 - American value of treating others with respect, compassion
- Pragmatism
 - Use logic, common sense, practical solutions
- Shared prosperity
 - Everyone benefits when all can fulfil their potential

Explain, don't Assert Rights





DREAMER, ACHEIVER, GO GETTER
MARIA PRAELI

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"I didn't let anything keep me from advancing academically.

Unfortunately, when high school ended, I couldn't attend the university of my dreams. I was getting all these acceptance letters, but I couldn't go to any of these schools, because I didn't have a social security number, and therefore I wasn't eligible for financial aid. I couldn't

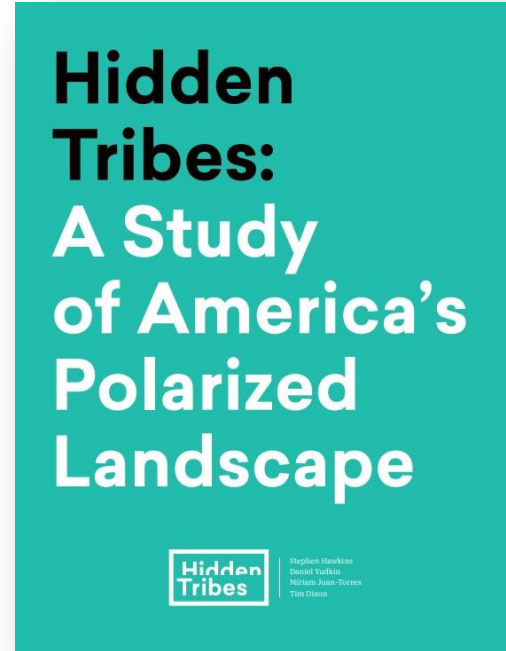
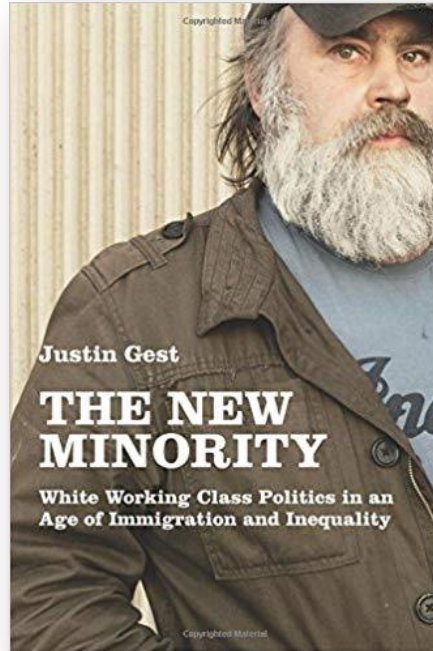
Never Repeat Myths

- Never repeat the myths when you're refuting them – always start with the facts.
- People tend to remember the myths as true, so myth busting is ineffective.
- Instead of saying, “Immigrants aren’t taking our jobs,” say, “Immigrants ***create*** jobs.”

Rethink and Redefine

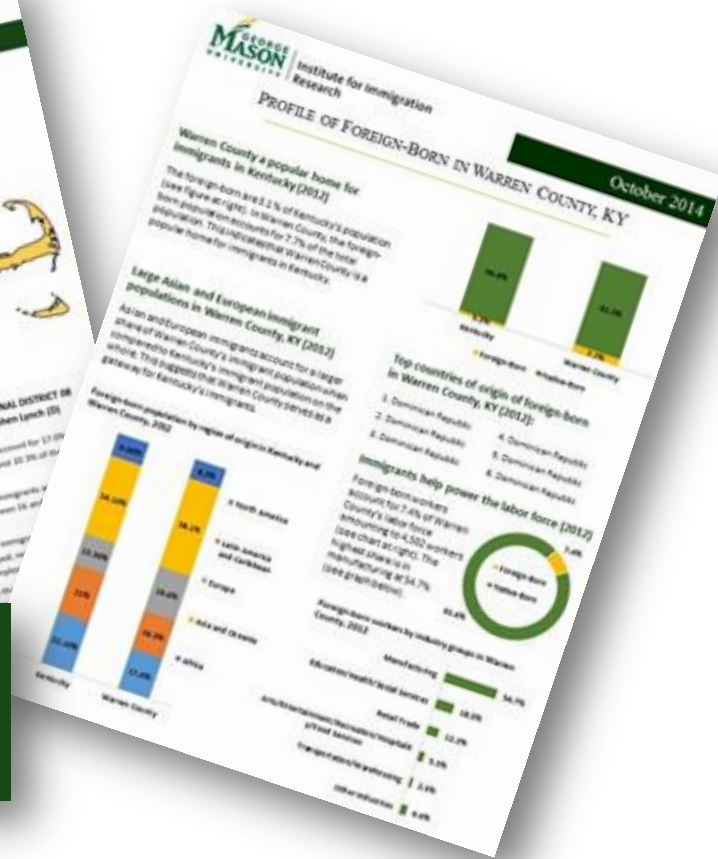
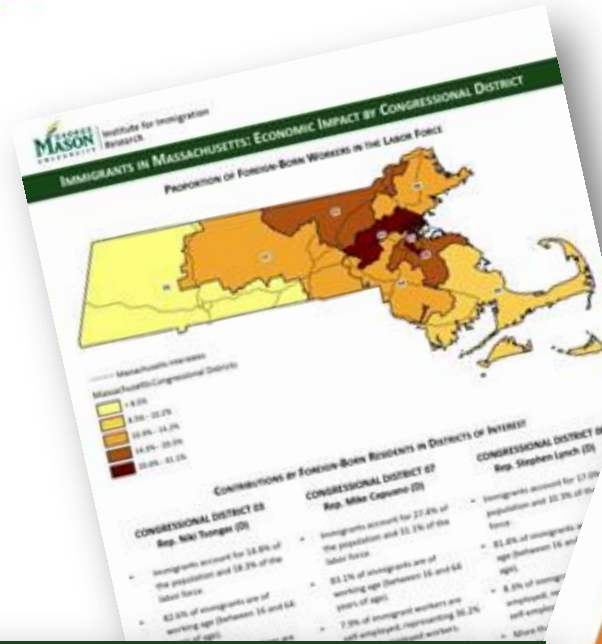
- “Coming out of the shadows”
- “Broken immigration system”
- Immigration
- Immigrant

Bridging Divides in the Immigration Debate





Institute for Immigration Research at GMU:
iir.gmu.edu/idod



Thank You



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